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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/589,087	10/08/2008	Valentina Molteni	PAT034395-US-PCT	5455	
	7590 04/19/201 ISTITUTE OF THE	1	EXAMINER		
NOVARTIS RESEARCH FOUNDATION			MORRIS, PATRICIA L		
SAN DIEGO, (AY HOPKINS DRIVE, SUITE E225 CA 92121-1127		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1625		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			04/19/2011	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

ssesnovich@gnf.org IPLegal@gnf.org jclarke@gnf.org

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Occurrence	10/589,087	MOLTENI ET AL.	MOLTENI ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	PATRICIA MORRIS	1625			
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence ad	ddress		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) Th 3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. rance except for formal matters, p		e merits is		
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☑ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☑ Claim(s) 1-10 are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examir 11).	ccepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is contact the drawing of the drawing	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 C	` ,		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Summa	ry (PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail				

DETAILED ACTION

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Election/Restrictions

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in response to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted. In these claims, the numerous variables and their voluminous complex meanings and their seemingly endless permutations and combinations and numerous provisos, make it virtually impossible to determine the full scope and complete meaning of the claimed subject matter.

Group I, the instances wherein each Y is C, R_2 , R_3 are aryl or cycloalkyl and R_4 - R_{10} represent non-heterocyclic groups.

Group II, the instances wherein one Y is N and the other is C which form a pyrid-3-yl, R_2 , R_3 are aryl or cycloalkyl and R_4 - R_{10} represent non-heterocyclic groups.

Group III, the instances wherein each Y is C, R₂ is aryl or cycloalkyl, R₃ is benzooxaz-2-yl and R₄-R₁₀ represent non-heterocyclic groups.

Group IV, the instances wherein one Y is N and the other is C which form a pyrid-3-yl, $R_2 \, is \, aryl \, or \, cycloalkyl, \, R_3 \, is \, pyrid-2-yl \, and \, R_4-R_{10} \, represent \, non-heterocyclic \, groups.$

Group V, any compounds not grouped in the above groups because claim 1 is too vague to further group.

Group VI, Claims 6, 7 and 9, drawn to multiple uses.

Group VII, Claim 10, drawn multiple uses requiring an additional active ingredient.

Claim 8 is drawn to non-statutory subject matter and hence, cannot be grouped at this time. In the event that applicants amend the claim, it will be grouped accordingly.

The inventions listed as Groups I-VII do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

Groups I-V and VI are related as products and multiple uses, In the instant case, the products as claimed can be used in materially different processes as evidenced by applicants' own claims and specification.

Groups I-V and VII are unrelated because the compounds of Groups I-V do not require an additional active ingredient for their uses..

Due to the numerous variables in R_2 - R_{10} , etc.,and their widely divergent meanings, and the numerous uses, a precise listing of inventive groups cannot be made. Illustrative of different inventive concepts may be made by reference to the compounds in the Examples of the instant application, as for example:

the compounds of

I .example 1,

II. example 8

III. example 14,

IV. example 58, etc.,

The claims herein lack unity of invention under PCT Rule 13.1 and 13.2 since the compounds defined in the claims lack a significant structural element qualifying as the special technical feature that defines a contribution over the prior art. In these claims, the numerous

variables in the numerous formulas and their voluminous complex meanings and their seemingly endless permutations and combinations and numerous proviso clauses, make it virtually impossible to determine the full scope and complete meaning of the claimed subject matter.

Accordingly, unity of invention is considered to be lacking and restriction of the invention in accordance with the rules of unity of invention is considered to be proper.

In the event of an election of either Groups I, II, III, IV, V or VI, applicants are required to elect a single compound.

Claims 1-5 will be examined to the extent readable on the elected compounds.

In the event of an election of Group VI, applicants are requested to elect one method of use, i.e., a specific disease.

In the event of an election of Group VII, applicants are requested to elect a single disclosed mixture and a single disclosed method of use.

With the election of a specific exemplified compound, a generic concept, will be identified by the examiner as the inventive group for examination.

Because these inventions lack unity of invention for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder. All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process

invention to be rejoined. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be **allowable**, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b).

Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Applicants are reminded of propriety of process of use claims in consideration of the "reach-through" format, which is drawn to mechanistic, receptor binding or enzymatic functionality. Reach through claims are considered lacking of descriptive and enabling support from the specification. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant may file the divisional subject matter noted in divisional applications. If applicant wishes a generic expression of the elected invention the claims here need be amended to reflect that election.

This restriction requirement is being written as previous experience has indicated that with Foreign applicants and the inherent time delays, applicants' representative is better able to make an informed, correct, election of the invention applicants would wish to have prosecuted here if applicants are given the opportunity to see the restriction requirement laid out, and given the time to make an informed decision.

Applicant is advised that the response to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patricia L. Morris whose telephone number is (571) 272-0688. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays through Fridays.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Patricia L. Morris/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1625

plm April 13, 2011